



A THERMADYNE® Company

INVERTER ARC WELDER

***MODEL 200 GTS CC/TIG
STICK
TIG - HIGH FREQUENCY
- LIFT START***

OPERATING MANUAL

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**WARNING**

Read and understand this entire Operating Manual and your employer's safety practices before installing, operating, or servicing the equipment.

**WARNING**

While the information contained in this Operating Manual represents our best judgement, Thermal Arc INC. assumes no liability for its use.

Thermal Arc Models 200 GTS CC/TIG Welder
Operating Manual Number 430429-450

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1.0 GENERAL INFORMATION

1.01 NOTES, CAUTIONS AND WARNINGS

NOTE

Throughout this manual, notes, cautions, and warnings are used to highlight important information. These highlights are categorized as follows:

CAUTION

An operation, procedure, or background information which requires additional emphasis or is helpful in efficient operation of the system.

A procedure which, if not properly followed, may cause damage to the equipment.



WARNING

A procedure which, if not properly followed, may cause injury to the operator or others in the operating area.



WARNING

1.02 IMPORTANT SAFETY PRECAUTIONS

OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE OF PLASMA ARC EQUIPMENT CAN BE DANGEROUS AND HAZARDOUS TO YOUR HEALTH.

To prevent possible injury, read, understand and follow all warnings, safety precautions and instructions before using the equipment. Call 1-937-440-0100 or your local distributor if you have any questions.

GASES AND FUMES



Gases and fumes produced during the plasma welding process can be dangerous and hazardous to your health.

- Keep all fumes and gases from the breathing area. Keep your head out of the welding fume plume.
- Use an air-supplied respirator if ventilation is not adequate to remove all fumes and gases.
- The kinds of fumes and gases from the plasma arc depend on the kind of metal being used, coatings on the metal, and the different processes. You must be very careful when cutting or welding any metals which may contain one or more of the following:

| | | |
|-----------|-----------|----------|
| Antimony | Chromium | Mercury |
| Arsenic | Cobalt | Nickel |
| Barium | Copper | Selenium |
| Beryllium | Lead | Silver |
| Cadmium | Manganese | Vanadium |

- Always read the Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDS) that should be supplied with the material you are using. These MSDSs will give you the information regarding the kind and amount of fumes and gases that may be dangerous to your health.
- For information on how to test for fumes and gases in your workplace, refer to item I in the Publications Section in this manual. Use special equipment, such as water or down draft cutting tables, to capture fumes and gases.
- Do not use the plasma torch in an area where combustible or explosive gases or materials are located.
- Phosgene, a toxic gas, is generated from the vapors of chlorinated solvents and cleansers. Remove all sources of these vapors.

WARNING:

This product, when used for welding or cutting, produces fumes or gases which contain chemicals known to the State of California to cause Birth defects and, in some cases, cancer.
(California Health & Safety Code Section 25249.5 et seq.)

IMPORTANT SAFETY PRECAUTIONS (CONTINUED)

ELECTRIC SHOCK



Electric Shock can injure or kill. The plasma arc process uses and produces high voltage electrical energy. This electric energy can cause severe or fatal shock to the operator or others in the workplace.

- Never touch any parts that are electrically "live" or "hot."
- Wear dry gloves and clothing. Insulate yourself from the work piece or other parts of the welding circuit.
- Repair or replace all worn or damaged parts.
- Extra care must be taken when the workplace is moist or damp.
- Install and maintain equipment according to NEC code, refer to item 4 in the Publications section of this manual.
- Disconnect power source before performing any service or repairs.
- Read and follow all the instructions in the Operating Manual.

FIRE AND EXPLOSION



- Fire and explosion can be caused by hot slag, sparks, or the plasma arc.
- Be sure there is no combustible or flammable material in the workplace. Any material that cannot be removed must be protected.
- Ventilate all flammable or explosive vapors from the workplace.
- Do not cut or weld on containers that may have held combustibles.
- Provide a fire watch when working in an area where fire hazards may exist.
- Hydrogen gas may be formed and trapped under aluminum workpieces when they are cut underwater or while using a water table. DO NOT cut aluminum alloys underwater or on a water table unless the hydrogen gas can be eliminated or dissipated. Trapped hydrogen gas that is ignited will cause an explosion.

IMPORTANT SAFETY PRECAUTIONS (CONTINUED)

NOISE



Noise can cause permanent hearing loss. Plasma arc processes can cause noise levels to exceed safe limits. You must protect your ears from loud noise to prevent permanent loss of hearing.

- To protect your hearing from loud noise, wear protective ear plugs and/or ear muffs. Protect others in the workplace.
- Noise levels should be measured to be sure the decibels (sound) do not exceed safe levels.
- For information on how to test for noise, see item 1 in the Publications section of this manual.

PLASMA ARC RAYS



Plasma Arc Rays can injure your eyes and burn your skin. The plasma arc process produces very bright ultra violet and infra red light. These arc rays will damage your eyes and burn your skin if you are not properly protected.

- To protect your eyes, always wear a welding helmet or shield. Also always wear safety glasses with side shields, goggles or other protective eye wear.
- Wear welding gloves and suitable clothing to protect your skin from the arc rays and sparks.
- Keep helmet and safety glasses in good condition. Replace lenses when cracked, chipped or dirty.
- Protect others in the work area from the arc rays. Use protective booths, screens or shields.
- Use the shade of lens as recommended in the Operating Manual.

1.03 PUBLICATIONS

Refer to the following standards or their latest revisions for more information:

1. OSHA, SAFETY AND HEALTH STANDARDS, 29CFR 1910, obtainable from the Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, D.C. 20402
2. ANSI Standard Z49.1, SAFETY IN WELDING AND CUTTING, obtainable from the American Welding Society, 550 N.W. LeJeune Rd, Miami, FL 33126
3. NIOSH, SAFETY AND HEALTH IN ARC WELDING AND GAS WELDING AND CUTTING, obtainable from the Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, D.C. 20402
4. ANSI Standard Z87.1, SAFE PRACTICES FOR OCCUPATION AND EDUCATIONAL EYE AND FACE PROTECTION, obtainable from American National Standards Institute, 1430 Broadway, New York, NY 10018
5. ANSI Standard Z41.1, STANDARD FOR MEN'S SAFETY-TOE FOOTWEAR, obtainable from the American National Standards Institute, 1430 Broadway, New York, NY 10018
6. ANSI Standard Z49.2, FIRE PREVENTION IN THE USE OF CUTTING AND WELDING PROCESSES, obtainable from American National Standards Institute, 1430 Broadway, New York, NY 10018
7. AWS Standard A6.0, WELDING AND CUTTING CONTAINERS WHICH HAVE HELD COMBUSTIBLES, obtainable from American Welding Society, 550 N.W. LeJeune Rd, Miami, FL 33126
8. NFPA Standard 51, OXYGEN-FUEL GAS SYSTEMS FOR WELDING, CUTTING AND ALLIED PROCESSES, obtainable from the National Fire Protection Association, Batterymarch Park, Quincy, MA 02269
9. NFPA Standard 70, NATIONAL ELECTRICAL CODE, obtainable from the National Fire Protection Association, Batterymarch Park, Quincy, MA 02269
10. NFPA Standard 51B, CUTTING AND WELDING PROCESSES, obtainable from the National Fire Protection Association, Batterymarch Park, Quincy, MA 02269
11. CGA Pamphlet P-1, SAFE HANDLING OF COMPRESSED GASES IN CYLINDERS, obtainable from the Compressed Gas Association, 1235 Jefferson Davis Highway, Suite 501, Arlington, VA 22202
12. CSA Standard W117.2, CODE FOR SAFETY IN WELDING AND CUTTING, obtainable from the Canadian Standards Association, Standards Sales, 178 Rexdale Boulevard, Rexdale, Ontario, Canada M9W 1R3
13. NWSA booklet, WELDING SAFETY BIBLIOGRAPHY obtainable from the National Welding Supply Association, 1900 Arch Street, Philadelphia, PA 19103
14. American Welding Society Standard AWSF4.1, RECOMMENDED SAFE PRACTICES FOR THE PREPARATION FOR WELDING AND CUTTING OF CONTAINERS AND PIPING THAT HAVE HELD HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES, obtainable from the American Welding Society, 550 N.W. LeJeune Rd, Miami, FL 33126
15. ANSI Standard Z88.2, PRACTICE FOR RESPIRATORY PROTECTION, obtainable from American National Standards Institute, 1430 Broadway, New York, NY 10018

1.04 NOTE, ATTENTION ET AVERTISSEMENT

Dans ce manuel, les mots "note," "attention," et "avertissement" sont utilisés pour mettre en relief des informations à caractère important. Ces mises en relief sont classifiées comme suit:

NOTE

Une opération, procédure ou renseignement général sur lequel il importe d'insister davantage ou qui contribue à l'efficacité de fonctionnement du système.

ATTENTION

Toute procédure pouvant résulter l'endommagement du matériel en cas de non-respect de la procédure en question.

AVERTISSEMENT



Toute procédure pouvant provoquer des blessures de l'opérateur ou des autres personnes se trouvant dans la zone de travail en cas de non-respect de la procédure en question



AVERTISSEMENT

1.05 PRECAUTIONS DE SECURITE IMPORTANTES

L'OPÉRATION ET LA MAINTENANCE DU MATÉRIEL DE SOUDAGE À L'ARC AU JET DE PLASMA PEUVENT PRÉSENTER DES RISQUES ET DES DANGERS DE SANTÉ.

Il faut communiquer aux opérateurs et au personnel TOUS les dangers possibles. Afin d'éviter les blessures possibles, lisez, comprenez et suivez tous les avertissements, toutes les précautions de sécurité et toutes les consignes avant d'utiliser le matériel. Composez le 1-937-440-0100 ou votre distributeur local si vous avez des questions.

FUMÉE et GAZ



La fumée et les gaz produits par le procédé de jet de plasma peuvent présenter des risques et des dangers de santé.

- Eloignez toute fumée et gaz de votre zone de respiration.. Gardez votre tête hors de la plume de fumée provenant du chalumeau.
- Utilisez un appareil respiratoire à alimentation en air si l'aération fournie ne permet pas d'éliminer la fumée et les gaz.
- Les sortes de gaz et de fumée provenant de l'arc de plasma dépendent du genre de métal utilisé, des revêtements se trouvant sur le métal et des différents procédés. Vous devez prendre soin lorsque vous coupez ou soudez tout métal pouvant contenir un ou plusieurs des éléments suivants:

| | | |
|-----------|-----------|----------|
| antimoine | cadmium | mercure |
| argent | chrome | nickel |
| arsenic | cobalt | plomb |
| baryum | cuivre | sélénium |
| béryllium | manganèse | vanadium |
- Lisez toujours les fiches de données sur la sécurité des matières (sigle américain "MSDS"); celles-ci devraient être fournies avec le matériel que vous utilisez. Les MSDS contiennent des renseignements quant à la quantité et la nature de la fumée et des gaz pouvant poser des dangers de santé.
- Pour des informations sur la manière de tester la fumée et les gaz de votre lieu de travail, consultez l'article 1 et les documents cités à la page 11.
- Utilisez un équipement spécial tel que des tables de coupe à débit d'eau ou à courant descendant pour capter la fumée et les gaz.
- N'utilisez pas le chalumeau au jet de plasma dans une zone où se trouvent des matières ou des gaz combustibles ou explosifs.
- Le phosgène, un gaz toxique, est généré par la fumée provenant des solvants et des produits de nettoyage chlorés. Éliminez toute source de telle fumée.

PRECAUTIONS DE SECURITE IMPORTANTES

CHOC ELECTRIQUE



Les chocs électriques peuvent blesser ou même tuer. Le procédé au jet de plasma requiert et produit de l'énergie électrique haute tension. Cette énergie électrique peut produire des chocs graves, voire mortels, pour l'opérateur et les autres personnes sur le lieu de travail.

- Ne touchez jamais une pièce "sous tension" ou "vive"; portez des gants et des vêtements secs. Isolez-vous de la pièce de travail ou des autres parties du circuit de soudage.
- Réparez ou remplacez toute pièce usée ou endommagée.
- Prenez des soins particuliers lorsque la zone de travail est humide ou moire.
- Montez et maintenez le matériel conformément au Code électrique national des Etats-Unis. (Voir la page 6, article 9.)
- Débranchez l'alimentation électrique avant tout travail d'entretien ou de réparation.
- Lisez et respectez toutes les consignes du Manuel de consignes

INCENDIE ET EXPLOSION



Les incendies et les explosions peuvent résulter des scories chaudes, des étincelles ou de l'arc de plasma. Le procédé à l'arc de plasma produit du métal, des étincelles, des scories chaudes pouvant mettre le feu aux matières combustibles ou provoquer l'explosion de fumées inflammables.

- Soyez certain qu'aucune matière combustible ou inflammable ne se trouve sur le lieu de travail. Protégez toute telle matière qu'il est impossible de retirer de la zone de travail.
- Procurez une borme aération de toutes les fumées inflammables ou explosives.
- Ne coupez pas et ne soudez pas les conteneurs ayant pu renfermer des matières combustibles.
- Prévoyez une veille d'incendie lors de tout travail dans une zone présentant des dangers d'incendie.
- Le gas hydrogène peut se former ou s'accumuler sous les pièces de travail en aluminium lors'quelles sont coupées sous l'eau ou sur une table d'eau. NE PAS couper les alliages en aluminium sous l'eau ou sur une table d'eau h mains que le gas hydrogène peut s'échapper ou se dissiper. Le gas hydrogène accumulé explosera si enflammé.

PRECAUTIONS DE SECURITE IMPORTANTES

RAYONS D'ARC DE PLASMA



Les rayons provenant de l'arc de plasma peuvent blesser vos yeux et brûler votre peau. Le procédé à l'arc de plasma produit une lumière in&a-rouge et des rayons ultra-violets très forts. Ces rayons d'arc nuiront à vos yeux et brûleront votre peau si vous ne vous protégez pas correctement.

- Pour protéger vos yeux, portez toujours un casque ou un écran de soudeur. Portez toujours des lunettes de sécurité munies de parois latérales ou des lunettes de protection ou une autre sorte de protection oculaire.

- Portez des gants de soudeur et un vêtement protecteur approprié pour protéger votre peau contre les étincelles et les rayons de l'arc.



- Maintenez votre casque et vos lunettes de protection en bon état. Remplacez toute lentille sale ou comportant fissure ou rognure.
- Protégez les autres personnes se trouvant sur la zone de travail contre les rayons de l'arc en fournissant des cablres ou des écrans de protection.
- Respectez le teint de lentille recommandé dans le manuel de consignes.

BRUIT

Le bruit peut provoquer une perte permanente de l'ouYe. Les procédés de soudage à l'arc de plasma peuvent provoquer des niveaux sonores supérieurs aux limites normalement acceptables. Vous devez vous protéger les oreilles contre les bruits forts afin d'éviter une perte permanente de rouïe.

- Pour protéger votre ouïe contre les bruits forts, portez des tampons protecteurs et/ou des protections auriculaires. Protégez également les autres personnes se trouvant sur le lieu de travail.
- Il faut mesurer les niveaux sonores afin d'assurer que les dicibels (le bruit) ne dépassent pas les niveaux sûrs.
- Pour des renseignements sur la manière de tester le bruit, consultez l'article 1, page 11.

1.06 DOCUMENTS DE REFERENCE

Consultez les normes suivantes ou les révisions les plus récentes ayant été faites à celles-ci pour de plus amples renseignements:

1. OSHA, NORMES DE SÉCURITÉ DU TRAVAIL ET DE PROTECTION DE LA SANTÉ, 29CFR 1910, disponible auprès du Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, D.C. 20402
2. Norme ANSI Z49.1, LA SÉCURITÉ DES OPÉRATIONS DE COUPE ET DE SOUDAGE, disponible auprès de la Société Américaine de Soudage (American Welding Society), 550 N.W. LeJeune Rd., Miami, FL 33126
3. NIOSH, LA SÉCURITÉ ET LA SANTÉ LOPS DES OPÉRATIONS DE COUPE ET DE SOLIDAGE À U'ARC ET AU GAZ, disponible auprès du Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, D.C. 20402
4. Norme ANSI Z87.1, PRATIQUES SURES POUR LA PROTECTION DES YEUX ET DU VISAGE AU TRAVAIL ET DANS LES ECOLES, disponible de l'Institut Américain des Normes Nationales (American National Standards Institute), 1430 Broadway, New York, NY 10018
5. Norme ANSI Z41.1, NORMES POUR LES CHAUSSURES PROTECTRICES, disponible auprès de l'American National Standards Institute, 1430 Broadway, New York, NY 10018
6. Norme ANSI Z49.2, PRÉVENTION DES INCENTYIES LOPS DE L'EMPLOI DE PROCÉDÉS DE COUPE ET DE SOUDAGE, disponible auprès de l'American National Standards Institute, 1430 Broadway, New York, NY 10018
7. Norme A6.0 de l'Association Américainc du Soudage (AWS), LE SOLIDAGE ET LA COUPE DE CONTENEURS AYANT RENTERMÉ DES PRODUITS COMBUSTIBLES, disponible auprès de la American Welding Society, 550 N.W. LeJeune Rd., Miami, FL 33126
8. Norme 51 de l'Assoclathon Améncame pour la Protechon contre les Incendms (NFPA), LES SYSTEMES À GAZ AVEC ALIMENTATION EN OXYGENE POUR LE SOUDAGE, LA COUPE ET LES PROCÉDIÉS ASSOCIÉS, disponible auprès de la National Fire Protection Association, Batterymarch Park, Quincy, MA 02269
9. Norme 70 de la NFPA, CODE ELECTRIQUE NATIONAL, disponible auprès de la National Fire Protection Association, Batterymarch Park, Quincy, MA 02269
10. Norme 51B de la NFPA, LES PROCÉDÉS DE COUPE ET DE SOUDAGE, disponible auprès de la National Fire Protection Association, Batterymarch Park, Quincy, MA 02269
11. Brochure GCA P-1, LA MANIPULATION SANS RISQUE DES GAZ COMPRIMÉS EN CYLINDRES, disponible auprès de l'Association des Gaz Comprimés (Compressed Gas Association), 1235 JeffersonDavis Highway, Suite 501, Arlington, VA 22202
12. Norme CSA W117.2, CODE DE SÉCURITÉ POUR LE SOUDAGE ET LA COUPE, disponible auprès de l'Association des Normes Canadiennes, Standards Sales, 178 Rexdale Boulevard, Rexdale, Ontario, Canada, M9W 1R3
13. ivret NWSA, BIBLIOGRAPHIE SUR LA SÉCURITÉ DU SOUDAGE, disponible auprès de l'Association Nationale de Fournitures de Soudage (National Welding Supply Association), 1900 Arch Street, Philadelphia, PA 19103
14. Norme AWSF4.1 de l'Association Améncame de,Soudage, RECOMMANDATIONS DE PRATIQUES SURES POUR LA PREPARATION À LA COUPE ET AU SOUDAGE DE CONTENEURS ET TUYAUX AYANT RENFERMÉ DES PRODUITS DANGEREUX, disponible auprès de la American Welding Society, 550 N.W. LeJeune Rd., Miami, FL 33126
15. Norme ANSI Z88.2, PRATIQUES DE PROTECTION RESPIRATOIRE, disponible auprès de l'American National Standards Institute, 1430 Broadway, New York, NY 10018

1.07 DECLARATION OF CONFORMITY

Manufacturer: Thermal Arc INC.
Address: 2200 Corporate Drive
TROY, OHIO 45373-1085, U.S.A.

The equipment described in this manual conforms to all applicable aspects and regulations of the 'Low Voltage Directive' (European Council Directive 73/23/EU, as recently changed in Directive 93/68/EU) and to the National legislation for the enforcement of this Directive.

The equipment described in this manual conforms to all applicable aspects and regulations of the "EMC Directive" (European Council Directive 89/336/EEC) and to the National legislation for the enforcement of this Directive.

Serial numbers are unique with each individual piece of equipment and details description, parts used to manufacture a unit and date of manufacture.

National Standard and Technical Specifications

The product is designed and manufactured to a number of standards and technical requirements among them are:

- * CSA (Canadian Standards Association) standard C22.2 number 60-M1990 for Arc welding equipment.
- * UL (Underwriters Laboratory) rating 94VO flammability testing for all printed-circuit boards used.
- * CENELEC EN50199 EMC Product Standard for Arc Welding Equipment March 1995.
- * IEC 974-1 (BS 638-PT10) (EM 60 974-1) applicable to welding equipment and associated accessories.
- * Extensive product design verification is conducted at the manufacturing facility as part of the routine design and manufacturing process, to ensure the product is safe and performs as specified. Rigorous testing is incorporated into the manufacturing process to ensure the manufactured product meets or exceeds all design specifications.

Thermal Arc has been manufacturing products that perform in a safe manner for more than 30 years and will continue to achieve excellence in our area of manufacture.

Manufacturers responsible representative: David Ashworth
Vice President & Managing Director
Thermadyne Europe
Chorley England.



1.08 STATEMENT OF WARRANTY

LIMITED WARRANTY: Thermal Arc INC. (hereinafter "Thermal") warrants that its products will be free of defects in workmanship or material. Should any failure to conform to this warranty, appear within the time period applicable to the Thermal products as stated below, Thermal shall, upon notification thereof and substantiation that the product has been stored, installed, operated, and maintained in accordance with Thermal's specifications, instructions, recommendations and recognized standard industry practice, and not subject to misuse, repair, neglect, alteration, or accident, correct such defects by suitable repair or replacement, at Thermal's sole option, of any components or parts of the product determined by Thermal to be defective.

THIS WARRANTY IS EXCLUSIVE AND IS IN LIEU OF ANY WARRANTY OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE.

LIMITATION OF LIABILITY: Thermal shall not under any circumstances be liable for special or consequential damages, such as, but not limited to, damage or loss of purchased or replacement goods, or claims of customers of distributor (hereinafter "Purchaser") for service interruption. The remedies of the Purchaser set forth herein are exclusive and the liability of Thermal with respect to any contract, or anything done in connection therewith such as the performance or breach thereof, or from the manufacture, sale, delivery, resale, or use of any goods covered by or furnished by Thermal whether arising out of contract, negligence, strict tort, or under any warranty, or otherwise, shall not, except as expressly provided herein, exceed the price of the goods upon which such liability is based.

THIS WARRANTY BECOMES INVALID IF REPLACEMENT PARTS OR ACCESSORIES ARE USED WHICH MAY IMPAIR THE SAFETY OR PERFORMANCE OF ANY THERMAL PRODUCT.

THIS WARRANTY IS INVALID IF THE PRODUCT IS SOLD BY NON-AUTHORIZED PERSONS.

The limited warranty periods for Thermal products shall be as follows: A maximum of three (3) years from date of sale to an authorized distributor and a maximum of two (2) years from date of sale by such distributor to the Purchaser, and with the following further limitations on such two (2) year period:

| <u>PAK UNITS, POWER SUPPLIES</u> | <u>PARTS</u> | <u>LABOR</u> |
|--|---------------|--------------|
| MAIN POWER MAGNETICS | 2 YEARS..... | 1 YEAR |
| ORIGINAL MAIN POWER RECTIFIER..... | 2 YEARS | 1 YEAR |
| CONTROL PC BOARD | 2 YEARS | 1 YEAR |
| ALL OTHER CIRCUITS AND COMPONENTS | 1 YEAR | 1 YEAR |
| INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, STARTING CIRCUIT, CONTACTORS, RELAYS, SOLENOIDS, PUMPS, POWER SWITCHING SEMI-CONDUCTORS | | |
| <u>CONSOLES, CONTROL EQUIPMENT, HEAT</u> | 1 YEAR | 1 YEAR |
| <u>EXCHANGES, AND ACCESSORY EQUIPMENT</u> | | |
| <u>TORCH AND LEADS</u> | 180 DAYS..... | 180 DAYS |
| <u>REPAIR/REPLACEMENT PARTS</u> | 90 DAYS | 90 DAYS |

Warranty repairs or replacement claims under this limited warranty must be submitted by an authorized Thermal Arc® repair facility within thirty (30) days of the repair. Authorized Thermal Arc® repair facilities are authorized distributors and authorized Thermal Arc® Service Centers. No transportation costs of any kind will be paid under this warranty. Transportation charges to send products to an authorized warrant, repair facility shall be the responsibility of the customer. All returned goods shall be at the customer's risk and expense. This warranty supersedes all previous Thermal warranties.

2.0 INTRODUCTION AND DESCRIPTION

2.01 Description

The Thermal Arc™ Model 200 GTS is single-phase DC arc welding power sources with Constant Current (CC) output characteristics. Each GTS unit is equipped with a built-in Sloper, Pulser, gas control solenoid, Lift Start TIG, and a High-Frequency arc starter for use with Gas Tungsten Arc Welding (GTAW). All units are designed for use with Shielded Metal Arc Welding (SMAW) and Gas Tungsten Arc Welding-Lift Start processes.

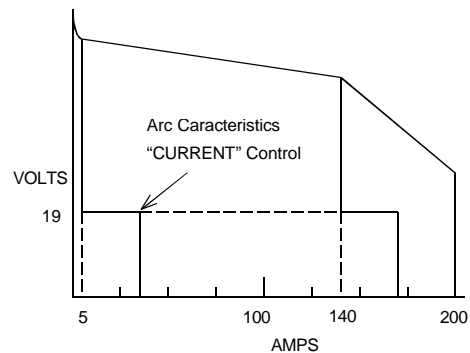


Figure 1. Model 200 GTS CC/TIG Volt-Ampere curves

NOTE Volt-Ampere curves show the maximum Voltage and Amperage output capabilities of the welding power source . Curves of other settings will fall between the curves shown.

2.02 Functional Block Diagrams

Figure 2 illustrates the functional block diagram of the 200 GTS power supply.

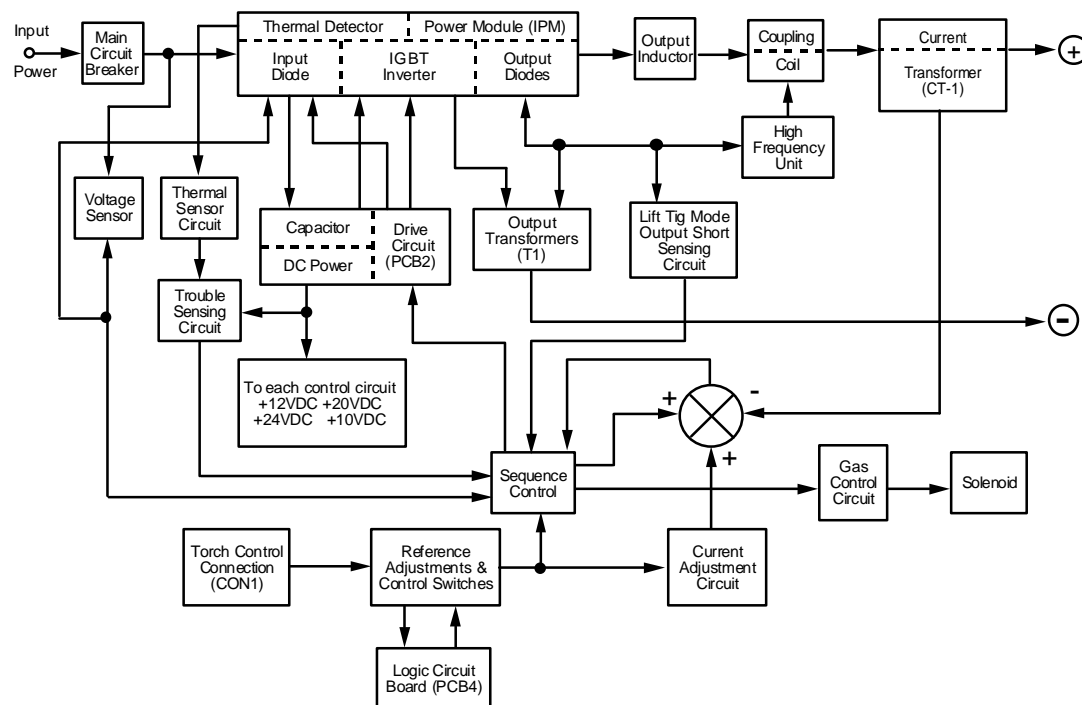


Figure 2. 200GTS Model functional block diagram

2.03 Transporting Methods

These units are equipped with one handle and a shoulder strap for carrying purposes.



WARNING

ELECTRIC SHOCK can kill.

- DO NOT TOUCH live electrical parts.
- Disconnect input power conductors from de-energized supply line before moving welding power source.



WARNING

FALLING EQUIPMENT can cause serious personal injury and equipment damage.

- Lift unit with handle or shoulder strap on top of case.
- Use hand cart or similar device of adequate capacity.
- If using a fork lift vehicle, place and secure unit on a proper skid before transporting.
- This unit has a built-in handle and shoulder strap on top of case for lifting. Be sure unit is lifted and transported safely and securely.

2.04 Electrical Input Connections



WARNING ELECTRIC SHOCK can kill; SIGNIFICANT DC VOLTAGE is present after removal of input power.

Electrical Input Requirements

- DO NOT TOUCH live electrical parts.
- SHUT DOWN welding power source, disconnect input power employing lockout/tagging procedures. Lockout/tagging procedures consist of padlocking line disconnect switch in open position, removing fuses from fuse box, or shutting off and red-tagging circuit breaker or other disconnecting device.

Operate the welding power source from a single-phase 50/60 Hz, AC power supply. The input voltage must match one of the electrical input voltages shown on the input data label on the unit nameplate. Contact the local electric utility for information about the type of electrical service available, how proper connections should be made, and inspection required.

The line disconnect switch provides a safe and convenient means to completely remove all electrical power from the welding power supply whenever necessary to inspect or service the unit.

NOTE

These units are equipped with a two-conductor with earth power cable that is connected at the welding power source end for single-phase electrical input power.

- Do not connect an input (WHITE or BLACK) conductor to the ground terminal.
- Do not connect the ground (GREEN) conductor to an input line terminal.

Refer to figure 3 and:

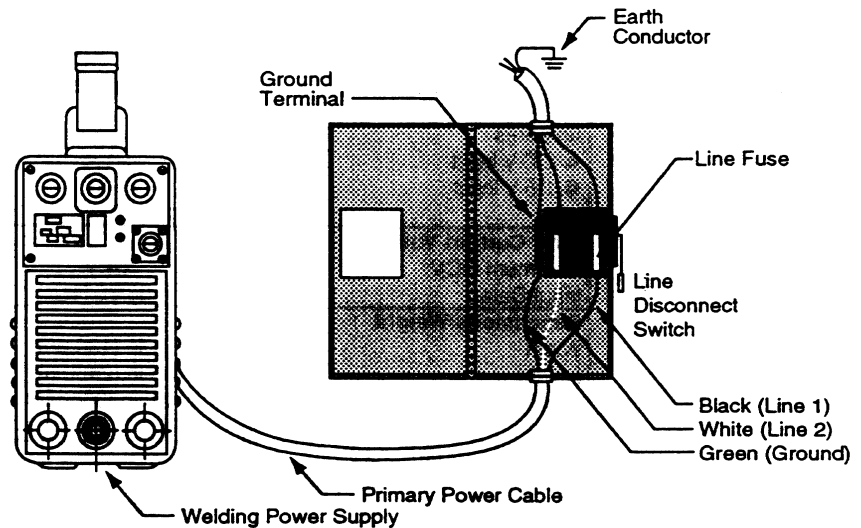
- 1) Connect end of ground (GREEN) conductor to a suitable ground. Use a grounding method that complies with all applicable electrical codes.
- 2) Connect ends of line 1 (BLACK) and line 2 (WHITE) input conductors to a de-energized line disconnect switch.
- 3) Use Table 1 below as a guide to select line fuses for the disconnect switch.

Table 1. Fuse Size Selection

| Input Power/Input Voltage Single-Phase Model | Fuse Size (Amperes) 200GTS |
|---|-------------------------------|
| 208-230 VAC | 40 |
| 115 VAC | 40 |

NOTE Continuous output on 115VAC/20 Amp circuit breaker for fuse: 92 Amps/ 13 Vdc (TIG), 51 Amps/23 Vdc (STICK).

NOTE Fuse size is based on not more than 200 percent of the rated input amperage of the welding power source (Based on Article 630, National Electrical Code).



Input Power

Smart Link® - Each unit incorporates an INRUSH circuit and input voltage sensing circuit. When the MAIN CIRCUIT BREAKER is turned ON, the INRUSH circuit provides a pre-charging of the input capacitors. SCR's in the Integrated Power Module (IPM) will turn on after the input capacitors have charged to full operating voltage (after approximately 5 seconds). During pre-charge, the control logic board is sensing the input voltage and configuring the IPM input and control circuits to match the input voltage. The Power Supply is configured to the highest input voltage when the MAIN CIRCUIT BREAKER is in the OFF position.

NOTE Note the available input power. Damage to the IPM will occur if 460VAC is applied.

115VAC 50/60Hz single-phase
208VAC 50/60Hz single-phase
230VAC 50/60Hz single-phase

2.05 Specifications

| Parameter/Model | Model 200 GTS CC/TIG | |
|--|--|---------------------------|
| Rated Output Amperes Volts Duty Cycle | @ 230 V 200 18 | @115V 100 14 |
| @ 230 V Input | 20% at 200 A / 18 V 20% at 140 A / 25.6 V | |
| @ 115 V Input | 40% at 100 A / 14 V 25% at 100 A / 24 V | |
| Range (Min. - MAX.) Amperes @ 230 V Input @ 115V input Volts | 5-200 5-100 10-25 | |
| Open Current Voltage Maximum OCV Input Data | 64 V 50/60 Hz | |
| Dimensions/Weight Width Height Length Weight (with Cable) | 5.1 in (130mm) 9.5 in (240mm) 11.8 in (300mm) 18.7 lb (8.5 kg.) | |
| Output At Rated Load Input data 50/60 Hz/Duty Cycle 208 VAC 1-Phase 230 VAC 1-Phase 115 VAC 1-Phase | 20% at 200 A / 18 V 36 A / 7.5 KVA / 4.8 kW 20% at 140 A / 25.6 V 33 A / 7.0 KVA / 4.5 kW 20% at 200 A / 18 V 33 A / 7.5 KVA / 4.8 kW 20% at 140 A / 25.6 V 30 A / 7.0 KVA / 4.5 kW 40% at 100 A / 14 V 24 A / 2.7 KVA / 1.8 kW 25% at 100 A / 24 V 39 A / 4.5 KVA / 2.8 kW | |
| Output At No Load Input data 50/60 Hz/Duty Cycle 208 VAC 1-Phase 230 VAC 1-Phase 115 VAC 1 -Phase | 2.4 A / 0.5 KVA / 0.3 kW 2.4 A / 0.5 KVA / 0.3 kW 2.2 A / 0.5 KVA / 0.3 kW 2.2 A / 0.5 KVA / 0.3 kW 4.3 A / 0.5 KVA / 0.3 kW 4.3 A / 0.5 KVA / 0.3 kW | |

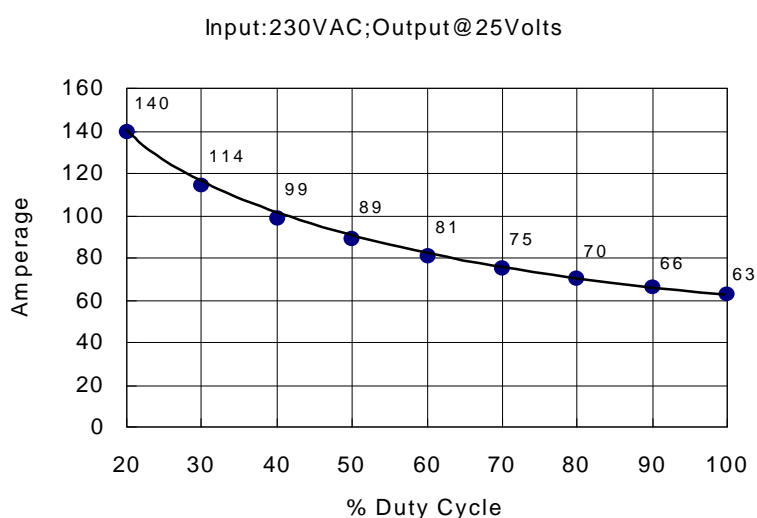
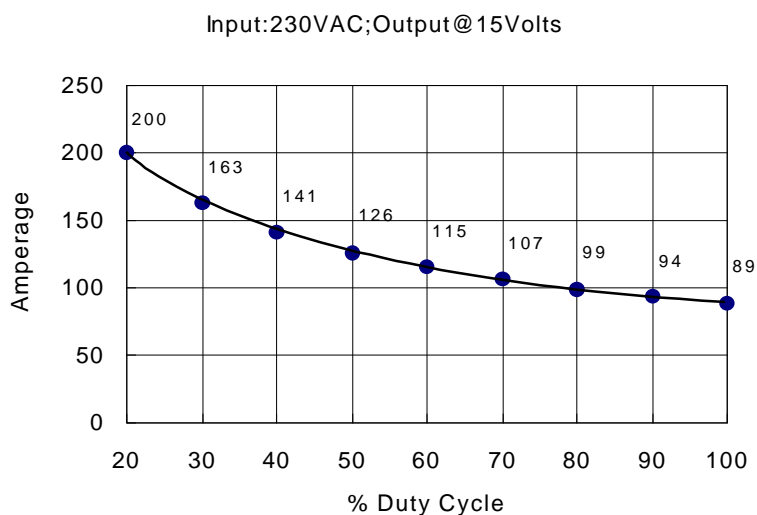
2.06 Duty Cycle

The duty cycle of a welding power source is the percentage of a ten (10) minute period that it can be operated at a given output without causing overheating and damage to the unit. If the welding amperes decrease, the duty cycle increases. If the welding amperes are increased beyond the rated output, the duty cycle will decrease.

EXCEEDING THE DUTY CYCLE RATINGS WILL CAUSE THE THERMAL OVERLOAD PROTECTION CIRCUIT TO BECOME ENERGIZED AND SHUT DOWN THE OUTPUT UNTIL THE UNIT HAS COOLED TO NORMAL OPERATING TEMPERATURE.

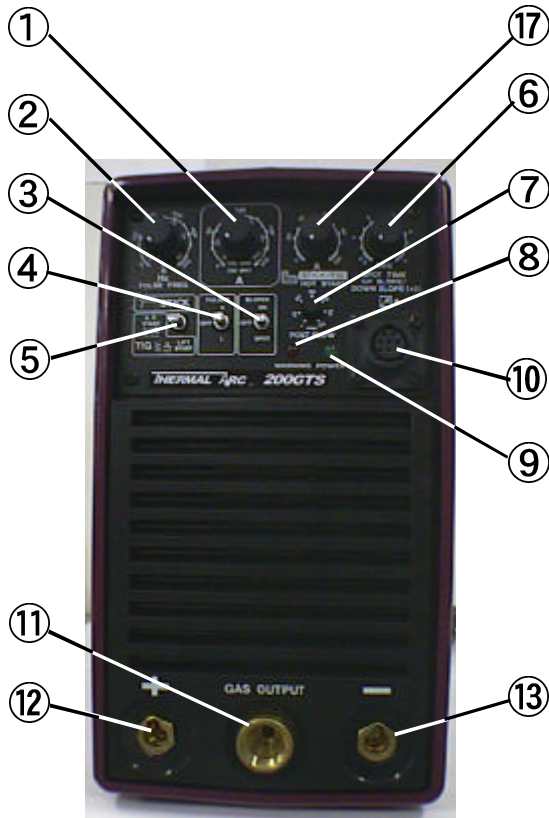
CONTINUALLY EXCEEDING THE DUTY CYCLE RATINGS CAN CAUSE DAMAGE TO THE WELDING POWER SOURCE.

The following are Duty Cycle plots for various conditions.



3.0 OPERATOR CONTROLS

3.01 GTS Models



- ① **Amperage Control** - The Amperage Control selects the desired amperage within the entire range of the welding power source. Rotating this control in a clockwise direction increases the amperage output. The scale surrounding the amperage control represents approximate actual amperage values.
- ② **Pulse Frequency Control** - The Pulse Frequency control provides a means of selecting the pulse frequency when the Pulse switch is in the H (HIGH) or L (LOW) position. Rotating the control clockwise increases the pulse frequency. The two scales surrounding the control represent approximate actual values. The pulse frequency is adjustable from 0.5 to 25 Hz in LOW and 10 to 500 Hz in HIGH.
- ③ **Sloper Switch** - When in the OFF position the Sloper is inactive. Selecting the ON position activates the Sloper. Selecting the SPOT position activates the spot welding timer. The Slope sequence and spot modes are activated by a remote ON/OFF switch connected to the 8-Pin receptacle. See the section on Slope sequence.
- ④ **Pulser Switch** - When in the OFF position the Pulser is inactive. Selecting H (HIGH) or L (LOW) will activate the TIG pulser. The Pulse Frequency can be adjusted by the Pulse Frequency control. Pulse width is fixed at 50%. Background current is fixed at 1/5th of the peak current.
- ⑤ **Process Selector Switch** - The Process Selector Switch allows the operator to select the STICK welding (SMAW) process, LIFT TIG (GTAW) or HF TIG (GTAW) process.
- ⑥ **Spot Time Up/Down Slope Control** - This control provides Spot, Up and Down slope time control. Rotating the control clockwise increases the time. The scale surrounding the control represents approximate actual values. The Spot and Up slope time is adjustable from 0.5 to 5 seconds. The Down slope time is twice the Up slope time at 1 to 10 seconds.
- ⑦ **Post flow time control**
This control provides post flow time. The post flow time is adjustable from 1 to 60 seconds.
- ⑧ **Warning Indicator** - The Warning Indicator located on the front panel will become activated under the following conditions:
 - Input voltage is too low
 - Input voltage too high
 - Thermal overload
- ⑨ **AC Power Indicator** - The AC Power Indicator located on the front panel lights when the Primary Power Switch is in the ON position, indicating the unit is energized.
- ⑩ **8-Pin Receptacle** - Used for remote contactor and amperage controls
- ⑪ **Output Gas Fitting** - Gas output; fitting size 5/8"-18 unf female

Figure a. GTS model front operator controls

- ⑫ **Positive Terminal** - 25mm DIN-style female receptacle.
- ⑬ **Negative Terminal** - 25mm DIN-style female receptacle.
- ⑭ **Main Circuit Breaker** - Placing the Main Circuit Breaker located on the rear panel to the ON position energizes the welding power source.
- ⑮ **Input Cable** - 10 feet; size 12/3 cable
- ⑯ **Input Gas Fitting** - The input gas connection is located on the bottom center of the rear panel. Size 5/8" -18 unf female
- ⑰ **Hot Start Control** - The Hot Start Control operates in the STICK and HF TIG modes. The Hot Start time is approximately 0.01 seconds in TIG and 0.06 seconds in STICK. The current value is adjusted from 0 to 100 Amps over the determined weld current set by the Amperage Control. Rotating the control clockwise increases Hot Start current.



Gas Solenoid - The pre-flow is fixed at 150 ms.

Sloper Sequence -

- A. Remote ON/OFF switch closed** - Pre-flow starts to flow. In HF TIG mode HF and initial current is present after pre-flow. (In LIFT TIG mode HF is not present.) Initial current is 1/5th of the welding current,
- B. Remote ON/OFF switch opened** - Current increases to welding current at the rate set by the UP/DOWN Slope control. Welding current is set by the Amperage Control.
- C. Remote ON/OFF switch closed** - Current decreases to final current at half the rate set for UP Slope, Final current is 1/5th of welding current.
- D. Remote ON/OFF switch opened** - Arc shuts off and post-flow time initiated.

Figure b. GTS mode/ rear panel operator controls

3.02 GTS - Setup for Operation

Shielded Metal Arc Welding (SMAW)



WARNING

Read and follow all safety precautions on pages 2-5 of this manual before preceeding with operation.

1. Install and connect unit according to the installation instructions in section 2.04, page 18, of this manual.
2. Wear dry insulating gloves and clothing.
3. Connect work clamp to clean, bare metal at workpiece. For the majority of electrodes in use, the work clamp is connected to the GROUND or NEGATIVE terminal.
4. Select proper electrode.
5. Refer to the Operator Control section, page 22, and set the controls per the following:

- a. PROCESS SELECTOR switch [5] to STICK position.
- b. Rotate the AMPERAGE control [1] to output current level desired.

NOTE: When in STICK mode the output contactor is ON. Remote contactor is NOT available in STICK mode only. Remote Current Control is available with remote Current device.



6. Insert electrode into electrode holder. For the majority of electrodes in use, the electrode holder is connected to the POSITIVE terminal.
7. Wear welding helmet with proper filter lens according to ANSI Z49.1.
8. Place the PRIMARY POWER switch [13] to ON.
9. Begin welding.

3.02 GTS - Setup for Operation

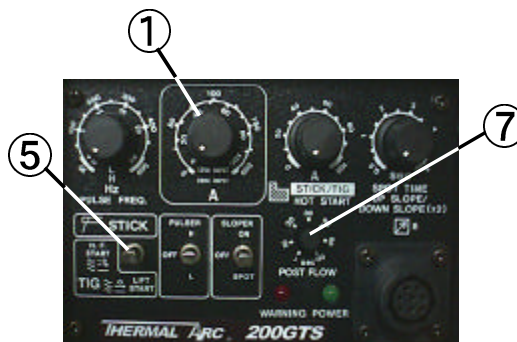
Gas Tungsten Arc Welding (GTAW) High Frequency/Lift Start



WARNING

Read and follow all safety precautions on pages 2-5 of this manual before proceeding with operation.

1. Install and connect unit according to the installation instructions in section 2.04, page 18, of this manual.
2. Select proper tungsten electrode (refer to Electrode Selection Table 3, Page 29).
3. Prepare tungsten electrode and insert into torch. For the majority of electrodes in use, the electrode is connected to the **NEGATIVE** output terminal.
4. Wear dry insulating gloves and clothing.
5. Connect remote control device to 8-Pin receptacle.
NOTE: A remote device must be used to turn on the contactor circuit.
6. Connect work clamp to clean, bare metal at workpiece. For the majority of electrodes in use, the work clamp is connected to the **POSITIVE** output terminal.
7. Refer to the Operator Control section, page 22, and set the controls per the following:
 - a. **PROCESS SELECTOR** switch [5] to desired Gas Tungsten Arc Welding position. (**LIFT** or **HF Start**)
 - b. Rotate the **AMPERAGE** control [1] to output current level desired.
 - c. Rotate the **Post Flow** control [7] to post flow time level desired.



8. Turn on shielding gas.
9. Wear welding helmet with proper filter lens according to ANSI Z49.1.
10. Place the **PRIMARY POWER** switch [13] to **ON**.

NOTES

11. Activate remote control device.
 - a. In LIFT TIC, mode, touch electrode to work and lift to start arc.
 - b. In HF TIG mode, high frequency will start, followed by welding arc.
The distance between the tungsten to the plate where the arc will be established will vary with the setting of the HOT START control.
12. Begin welding.



WARNING

HIGH CONCENTRATION OF SHIELDING GAS can impair health or kill.
Shut off gas supply when not in use.

3.02 GTS - Setup for Operation

Gas Tungsten Arc Welding -Pulsed (GTAW-P) -Sloped (GTAW-S) -TIG Spot



WARNING Read and follow' all safety precautions on pages 2-5 of this manual before preceeding with operation.

1. Install and connect unit according to the installation instructions in section 2.04, page 18, of this manual.
2. Select proper tungsten electrode (refer to Electrode Selection Table 3, Page 29).
3. Prepare tungsten electrode and insert into torch. For the majority of electrodes in use, the electrode is connected to the **NEGATIVE** output terminal.
4. Wear dry insulating gloves and clothing.
5. Connect remote control device to 8-Pin receptacle.
6. Connect work clamp to clean, bare metal at workpiece. For the majority of electrodes in use, the work clamp is connected to the **POSITIVE** output terminal.
7. Refer to Operator Control section, page 22, and set the controls per the following:
 - I. **PROCESS SELECTOR** switch [5] to desired gas tungsten arc welding position. **LIFT** or **HF TIG**.
 - A. PULSE TIG eldin**
 1. **PULSER SELECTOR** switch [4] to desired frequency pulse of high or low.
 2. Rotate the **AMPERAGE** control [1] to desired output current level.
 3. Rotate **PULSE FREQUENCY** control [2] to desired frequency position.
 - B. SLOPE TIG eldin**
 1. **SLOPER** switch [3] to **SLOPE** position.
 2. Rotate **AMPERAGE** control [1] to desire welding current level.
 3. Rotate **SPOT TIME UP/DOWN SLOPE** control [6] to desired UP/DOWN slope time.

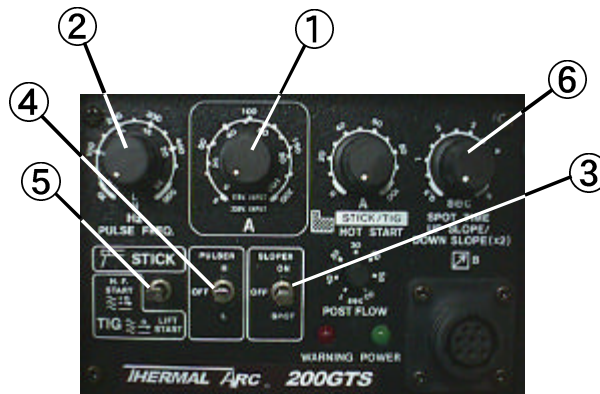
NOTE: Use a remote ON/OFF switch to control **SLOPE** sequence. See Operator Control section page 22. A remote ON/OFF device with current control will disable the **SLOPER**.

NOTE: Use remote ON/OFF device only in slope TIG mode.

C. SPOT TIG eldin

1. SLOPER switch [3] to SPOT position.
2. Rotate AMPERAGE control [1] to desired spot welding current level.
3. Rotate SPOT TIME UP/DOWN SLOPE control [6] to desired SPOT welding time.

Note The SPOT TIMER is disabled in the LIFT TIG mode. To use the SPOT TIMER, use the HF START mode. If in spotted LIFT TIG, gas valve will not operate.



8. Turn on shielding gas and water supplies as applicable.
9. Wear welding helmet with proper filter lens according to ANSI Z49.1.
10. Place the PRIMARY POWER switch [13] to ON.
11. Activate remote control device.
 - a. In LIFT TIG mode, touch electrode to work and lift to start arc.
 - b. In HF TIG mode, high frequency will start, followed by welding arc.
12. Begin Welding

NOTES



WARNING

HIGH CONCENTRATION OF SHIELDING GAS can impair health or kill. Shut off gas supply when not in use.

Shutting Down

13. Stop welding.
14. Move the PRIMARY POWER switch [13] to the OFF position.
15. Turn off the shielding gas and water supplies if applicable.

| Table 4. Weld Cable Size | | | | | | | | | |
|--------------------------|--|--|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------|
| | | Maximum Total Cable Length in Weld Circuit | | | | | | | |
| | | Under 100 ft. (Under 30m) | 150 ft. (45m) | 200 ft. (60m) | 250 ft. (70m) | 300 ft. (90m) | 350 ft. (105m) | 400 ft. (120m) | |
| Duty Cycle | | 100-60% | 60-100% | | | 10-100% | | | |
| Welding Amperes | | | | | | | | | |
| 100 | | 4 | 4 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 1/0 | 1/0 |
| 150 | | 3 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 1/0 | 2/0 | 3/0 | 3/0 |
| 200 | | 3 | 2 | 1 | 1/0 | 2/0 | 3/0 | 4/0 | 4/0 |
| 250 | | 2 | 1 | 1/0 | 2/0 | 3/0 | 4/0 | 2-2/0 | 2-2/0 |
| 300 | | 1 | 1/0 | 2/0 | 3/0 | 4/0 | 2-2/0 | 2-3/0 | 2-3/0 |
| 400 | | 1/0 | 2/0 | 3/0 | 4/0 | 2-2/0 | 2-3/0 | 2-4/0 | 2-4/0 |
| | | | | | | | | | |

4.0 BASIC TROUBLESHOOTING

General

Troubleshooting and repairing this unit is a process which should be undertaken only by those familiar with high voltage, high power electronic equipment.



WARNING

There are extremely dangerous voltage and power levels present inside this unit. Do not attempt to diagnose or repair unless you have had training in power electronics measurement and troubleshooting techniques.

4.01 Common Welding Operation Faults

The following are some of the more common operating faults that occur during welding operations:

A. Power

- Main power not connected
- Main power not turned on
- Main ON/OFF switch set of OFF position

B. Poor Weld

- Wrong polarity
- Wrong electrode used
- Electrode not properly prepared
- Incorrect welding amperage setting
- Speed too slow or too fast
- Incorrect switch settings for intended operation
- Poor weld output connection(s)

C. Remote Operation

- Incorrect switch settings
- Remote not connected

If the problem is not resolved after checking the above, the following guide may suggest more specific items to check given the faulty operating symptom(s) you are experiencing.

4.02 Specific Problems

How to Use This Guide

The following information is a guide to help you determine the most likely causes for various symptoms.

This guide is set up in the following manner:

A. Symptom **Bold Type**

Any special instructions (Text Type)

1. Cause (*Italic Type*)

a. Check/Remedy (Text Type)

Locate your symptom, check the cause(s) (the simplest or most likely is listed first), then perform the remedy given. Repair as needed being sure to verify that the unit is fully operational after any repairs.

A. No Weld Output Unit is Completely Inoperative

1. *Line disconnect switch is in OFF position*
 - a. Place line disconnect switch in ON position.
2. *Linefuse(s) open*
 - a. Check and replace line fuse(S).
3. *Improper electrical input connections*
 - a. See Section 2.04 Electrical Input Connections, page 18, for proper input connections.
4. *PRIMARY POWER switch/MAIN CIRCUIT BREAKER in OFF position*
 - a. Check and reset MAIN CIRCUIT BREAKER if necessary.

B. WARNING Indicator is ON

1. *Unit is in thermal shutdown mode*
 - a. Allow cooling period of approximately five (5) minutes with the power ON. Duty cycle should be reviewed.

C. Erratic or Improper Weld Output

1. *Loose welding cable connections*
 - a. Tighten all welding cable connections.
2. *Incorrect welding cable size*
 - a. Use proper size and type of cable (see Table 4, page 30).
3. *Improper input connections*
 - a. Refer to Section 2.04 Electrical Input Connections, page 18.
4. *Poor electrode condition*
 - a. Replace electrode.

D. Wanderin Arc Poor Control of Arc Direction

1. *Wrong size tungsten electrode, typically larger than recommended*
 - a. Use proper size electrode for amperage selected (see Table 4 page 30).
2. *Improperly prepared tungsten electrode*
 - a. Prepare tungsten properly.
3. *Gas flow rate too high*
 - a. Reduce flow rate.
4. *Drafts blowing shielding gas away from tungsten electrode*
 - a. Shield weld zone from drafts and check condition of tungsten electrode.
5. *Loose gas fitting on regulator or gas line drawing air into weld zone*
 - a. Check and tighten all gas fittings.
6. *Water in torch*
 - a. Refer to torch parts list for part(s) requiring replacement and repair torch as necessary.

E. No High Frequency GTS Models only

1. *PROCESS SELECTOR switch is not in the HF TIG position*
 - a. Place switch in HF TIG position.
2. *Drafts blowing shielding gas away from tungsten electrode*
 - a. Shield weld zone from drafts and check condition of tungsten electrode.

3. *Insufficient postflow time*
 - a. Increase postflow time.
4. *Loose gas fitting on regulator or gas line drawing air into weld zone*
 - a. Check and tighten all gas fittings.
5. *Water in torch*
 - a. Refer to torch parts list for part(s) requiring replacement and repair torch as necessary.
6. *Tungsten condition is poor*
 - a. Replace electrode.

F. Lack of High Frequency Difficult in Establishing an Arc

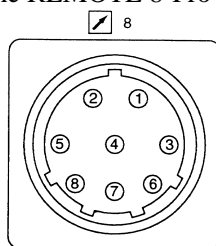
1. *Dissipation of high frequency from torch cable or conductive gas hose*
 - a. Be sure that the torch cable is not near any grounded metal.
Do not use conductive gas hose.
2. *Weld cable leakage*
 - a. Check cables and torch for cracked or deteriorated insulation or bad connections. Repair or replace necessary parts.

4.03 REMOTE 8-Pin Connections

The REMOTE 8-Pin receptable is used to connect any of the following equipment to the welding power source circuitry:

- Remote Hand Pendant
- Remote Foot Control
- Remote Contactor Control
- Remote Amperage Control

To make connections, align keyway, insert plug, and rotate threaded collar fully clockwise. The socket information is included in the event the supplied cord is not suitable and it is necessary to wire a plug or cord to interface with the REMOTE 8-Pro receptacle.



| Socket | Function |
|--------|---|
| 1 | Chassis common |
| 2 | Remote contactor control when contact closure is provided between sockets 2 and 3 (GND) |
| 3 | Remote contactor control when contact closure is provided between sockets 2 and 3 (24 V DC) |
| 4 | Remote amperage control when contact closure is provided between sockets 4 and 8 (12 V DC) |
| | OK-TO-MOVE |
| | Signal is appeared between sockets 4 and 8 (Relay contactor) when allumpers are in position B . |
| 5 | Amperage remote control (MINIMUM) |
| | PC board common use as return for remote control inputs/outputs |
| 6 | Amperage remote control (MAXIMUM) |
| | input command signal 10 olts for maximum |
| 7 | Remote amperage reference signal (WIPER) |
| | 0 olts to 10 olts (peak current set by main rheostat) |
| 8 | Remote amperage control when contact closure is provided between sockets 4 and 8 (SIGNAL) |
| | OK-TO-MOVE |
| | Signal is appeared between sockets 4 and 8 (Relay contactor) when allumpers are in position B . |

Figure . REMOTE - in Connections

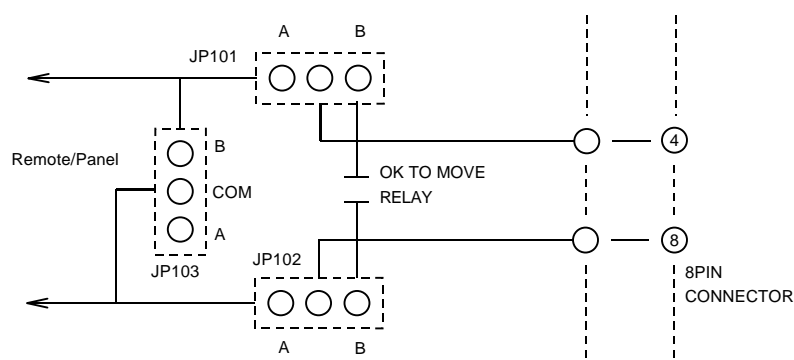
4.04 JUMPER SETTING FOR OK TO MOVE

Three jumpers plugs are on the front logic PC Board.

Factory Shipped-All jumpers in position "A". This is for normal semi- automatic operation with a remote facility, such as a foot control. The 8 pin remote operates as described in the operating manual.

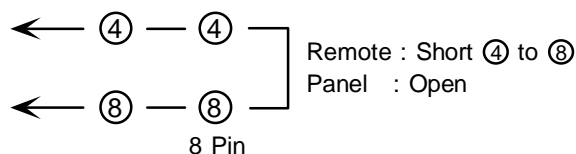
All jumpers in position "B". This would be primarily for automation with are establish relay, remote amperage and contactor. Arc establish signal is located from pins 4 and 8 when in this mode.

Jumpers JP101,JP102 in "B" position and JP103 in "A" position. This configuration would have the arc establish Signal and remote contactor. The amperage would be in panel position.



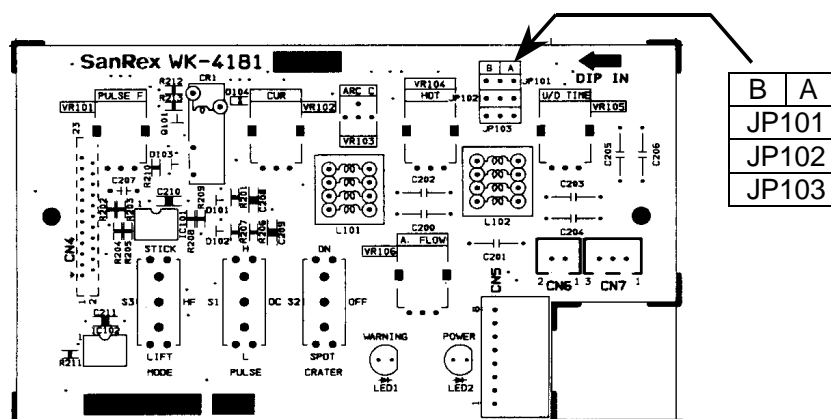
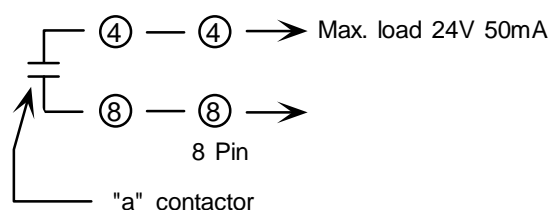
- Set All "A" position : factory shipping

| | POSITION |
|-------|----------|
| JP101 | A |
| JP102 | A |
| JP103 | A |



- Use "OK TO MOVE signal"

| | POSITION | |
|-------|----------|-------|
| JP101 | B | B |
| JP102 | B | B |
| JP103 | B | A |
| A/V | REMOTE | PANEL |



| B | A |
|-------|---|
| JP101 | |
| JP102 | |
| JP103 | |

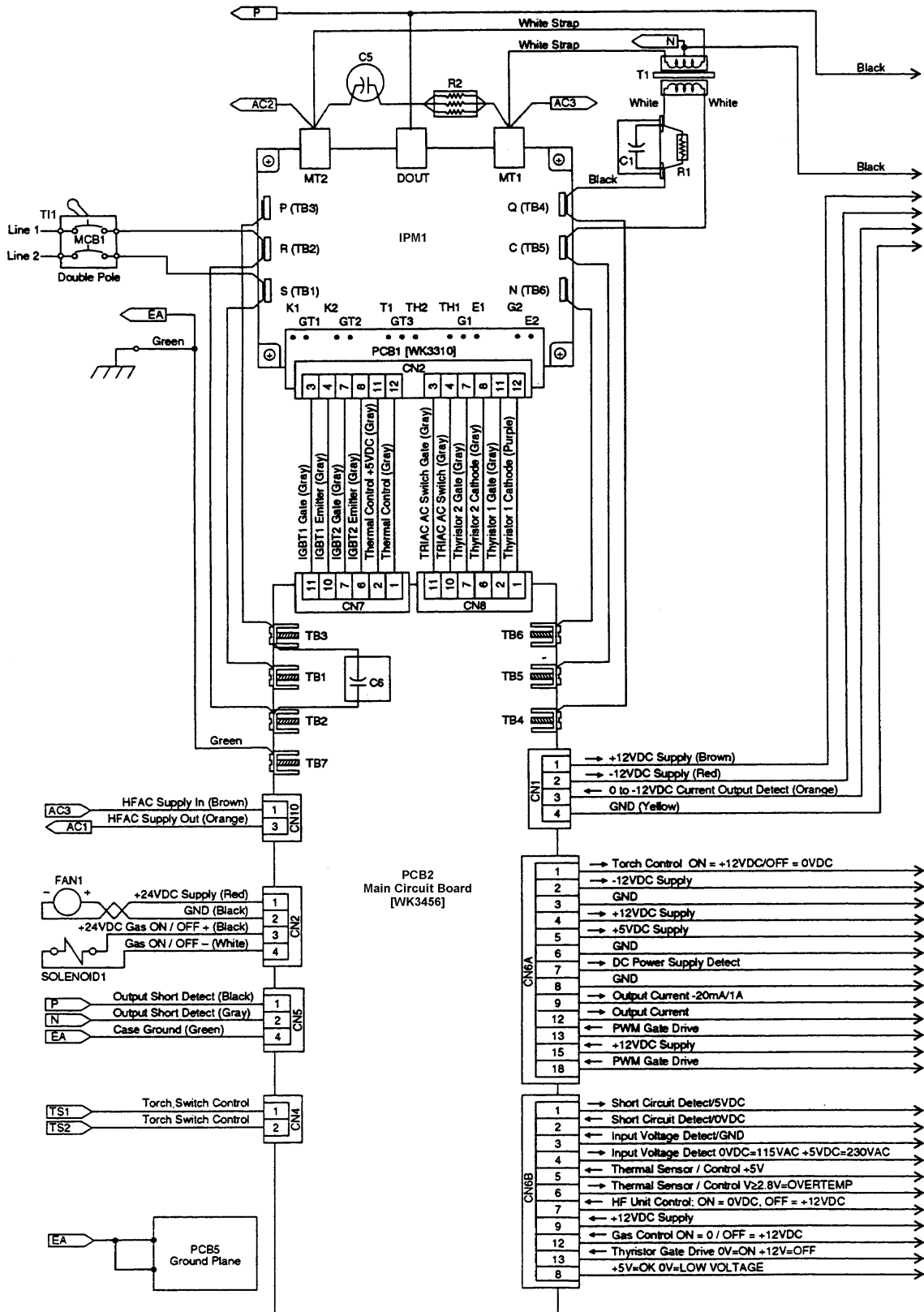
APPENDIX A - ACCESSORIES

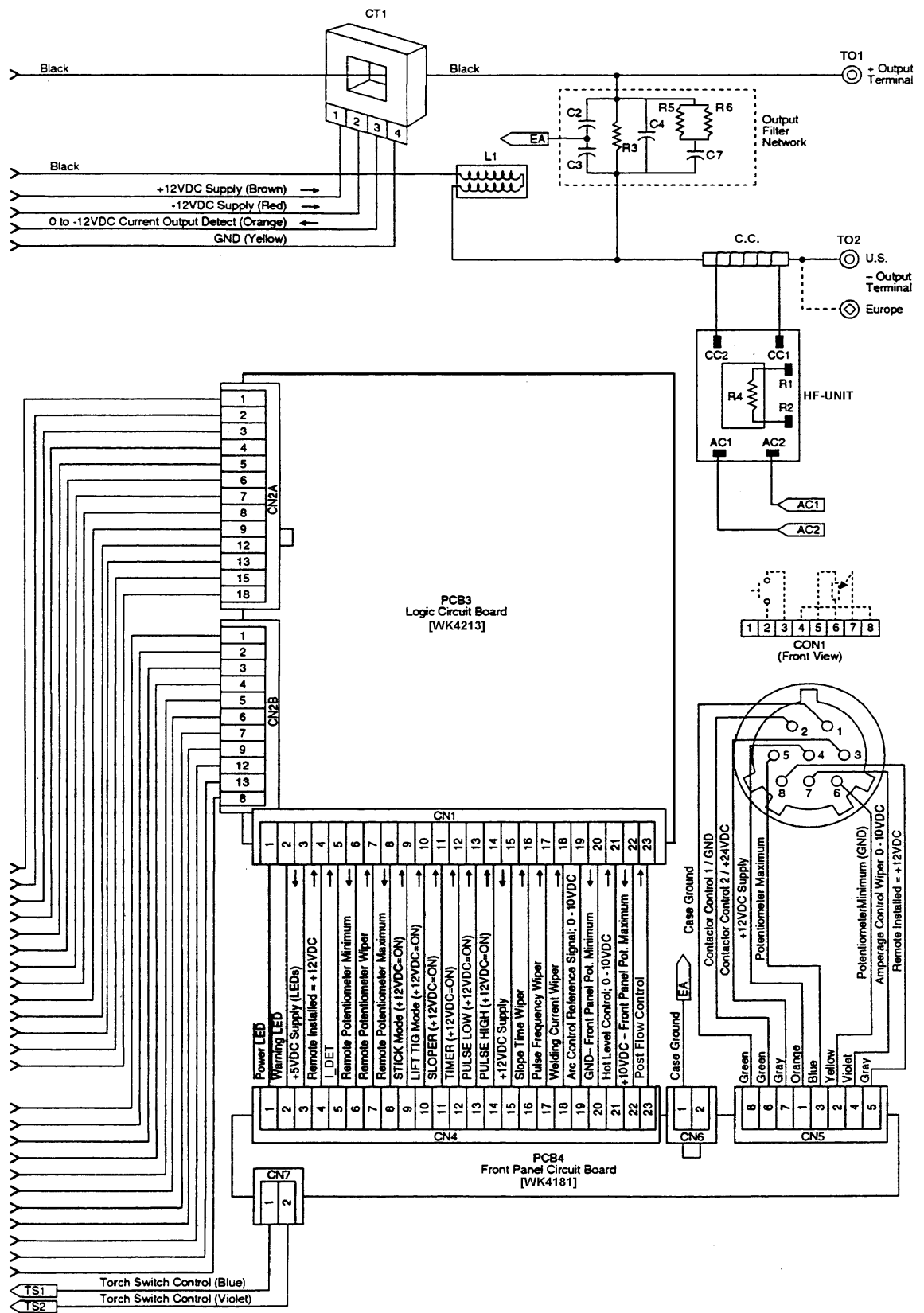
| REMOTE CONTROL | CAT.NO | ARC ON/OFF | CURRENT CONTROL | LENGTH | CONNECTORS | APPLICABLE TORCH HANDLE |
|---|----------|--|--------------------|------------|-----------------------------|-------------------------------|
| Torch Switch | 10-4006 | x | | 15'/4.6m | 8-Pin(Male) | N/A |
| Torch Switch | 10-4007 | x | | 25'/6.4m | 8-Pin(Male) | N/A |
| Torch Switch | 10-4008 | x | x | 15'/4.6m | 8-Pin(Male) | 5/8 - 7/8 "/16mm-22mm |
| Torch Switch | 10-4009 | x | x | 15'/4.6m | 8-Pin(Male) | 7/8 - 1-1/8 "/22mm-29mm |
| Torch Switch | 10-4010 | x | x | 15'/4.6m | 8-Pin(Male) | 1-1/8 - 1-3/8 "/29mm-35mm |
| Torch Switch | 10-4011 | x | x | 25'/6.4m | 8-Pin(Male) | 5/8 - 7/8 "/16mm-22mm |
| Torch Switch | 10-4012 | x | x | 25'/6.4m | 8-Pin(Male) | 7/8 - 1-1/8 "/22mm-29mm |
| Torch Switch | 10-4013 | x | x | 25'/6.4m | 8-Pin(Male) | 1-1/8 - 1-3/8 "/29mm-35mm |
| Hand Pendant | 10-4014 | x | x | 25'/6.4m | 8-Pin(Male) | N/A |
| Foot Control | 10-4015 | x | x | 15'/4.6m | 8-Pin(Male) | N/A |
| Foot Control | 10-4016 | x | x | 25'/6.4m | 8-Pin(Male) | N/A |
| E tension Cables for Remote Controls | | | | | | |
| Ext.Cable | 10-4017 | x | x | 3'/90cm | 8-Pin(Male) & 8-Pin(Female) | N/A |
| Ext.Cable | 10-4018 | x | x | 15'/4.6m | 8-Pin(Male) & 8-Pin(Female) | N/A |
| Ext.Cable | 10-4019 | x | x | 25'/7.6m | 8-Pin(Male) & 8-Pin(Female) | N/A |
| Ext.Cable | 10-4020 | x | x | 50'/15.2m | 8-Pin(Male) & 8-Pin(Female) | N/A |
| Ext.Cable | 10-4021 | x | x | 75'/22.8m | 8-Pin(Male) & 8-Pin(Female) | N/A |
| Ext.Cable | 10-4022 | x | x | 100'/30.4m | 8-Pin(Male) & 8-Pin(Female) | N/A |
| Miscellaneous Accessories (Kits and products assembled ready to install) | | | | | | |
| Item | Cat. No. | Description | | | | |
| TIG Kit;GTS | 10-4024 | Includes: Arcair BG-17V-12TIG Torch w/ accessory kit, 10 ft. gas hose, Victor HRF1425-580 regulator, Ground Clamp w/12ft. cable and Dinse Connector attached | | | | |
| Dinse Connector | 10-1068 | 25mm - Male for additional torches/electrode holders | | | | |
| Adapter | 10-4003 | 8-Pin (Male) to 14-Pin (Female) | | | | |

APPENDIX B INTERCONNECTION DIAGRAMS

The following pages contain the interconnection diagrams for all 200 GTS models in current production, to aid in the identification of replacement parts.

GTS Model





APPENDIX C PARTS LIST

Table 5. 200GTS Parts List

| No. | DV. No. | Description | Type Rating | QT. | Code No. | Order No. |
|-----|---------|-----------------------------|--|-----|-------------|-----------|
| 1 | C1 | Capacitor | SS351206PP1 DC 350V 20μF | 1 | 42601003100 | 10-6510 |
| 2 | C2,3 | Capacitor | ECKATS103MF 10000PF | 2 | 42442007100 | 10-2219 |
| 3 | C4 | Capacitor | ECW-H10H683JR DC1KV 0.068μF | 1 | 42421138500 | 10-5013 |
| 4 | C5 | Capacitor | ECW-H10H103JR | 1 | 42421138400 | 10-5014 |
| 5 | C6 | Capacitor | ECQU2A104MV AC 250V 0.1μF | 1 | 42441113201 | 10-5015 |
| 6 | C7 | Capacitor | ECQE2225KS DC 250V 2.2μF | 1 | 42421136900 | 10-6511 |
| 7 | CC | Coupling coil | F1A447900 | 1 | F1A447900 | 10-5105 |
| 8 | CON1 | Receptacle | 206433-1 8P | 1 | 26301112900 | 10-5023 |
| 9 | CT1 | Current Transformer | HC-TN200V4B15M 200A 4V | 1 | 11251003000 | 10-5003 |
| 10 | FAN1 | Cooling fan | D12T24PS101 DC 24V | 1 | 33302001700 | 10-5227 |
| 11 | HF-UNIT | | HF.UNIT | 1 | U0A329100A | 10-5024 |
| 12 | IPM1 | | VP1190AA60(A) | 1 | 450380060 | 10-5027 |
| 13 | L1 | Reactor | F1A553300 | 1 | F1A553300 | 10-5021 |
| 14 | MCB1 | Molded case circuit breaker | DCP-52BH400AMS 2P-240V 40A | 1 | 25850001400 | 10-5166 |
| 15 | PCB1 | Printed circuit board | WK-3310 | 1 | P0A331000 | 10-5028 |
| 16 | PCB2 | Printed circuit board | WK-3456 | 1 | P0A345600 | 10-5518 |
| 17 | PCB3 | Printed circuit Board | WK-4213 U01 LOGIC | 1 | P0A421301 | 10-6512 |
| 18 | PCB4 | Printed circuit Board | WK-4181 FRONT PANEL | 1 | P0A418100 | 10-6513 |
| 19 | PCB5 | Printed circuit Board | D0A519700 GROUND PLANE | 1 | D0A519700 | 10-5038 |
| 20 | R1 | Resistor | ERG-3ANJ 103 3W 10KΩ | 1 | 40305110300 | 10-5090 |
| 21 | R2 | Resistor | ERG-3ANJ 220 3W 22Ω | 3 | 40305122000 | 10-2213 |
| 22 | R3 | Resistor | ERG-3ANJ 472 3W 4.7KΩ | 1 | 40305147200 | 10-5010 |
| 23 | R4 | Resistor | JG20V 20W 150Ω | 1 | 40511000600 | 10-5080 |
| 24 | R5,6 | Resistor | ERG-3ANJ 101 3W 100Ω | 2 | 40305110100 | 10-6514 |
| 25 | SOL1 | Solenoid valve | 5505NBR1.5 DC24V 11VA/10W 6KGF/CM2 IN/OUT : 1/4Ω NPT | 1 | 34910000400 | 10-5007 |
| 26 | T1 | Transformer | F1A558800 | 1 | F1A558800 | 10-5019 |
| 27 | TI1 | Input Cable | SO AWG12X3C UL,CSA | 1 | 52026000902 | 10-6515 |
| 28 | TO1,2 | Output terminal | DIXBEM25 200A | 2 | 26999013500 | 10-5058 |